Homework 5 Due Wednesday, October 12

68000 PROGRAMMING AND ADDRESSING MODES

Read 3.1, 3.2. Start reading chapter 5. Look at 2.4 as necessary.

Do Chapter 2 #29, 30abcghij; Chapter 3 #9,12,14,15, and:

1. Suppose the following bytes are stored in memory: \$9000: 03 05 90 00

Fill in the following table:

Instruction	Value in D0	Value in A1
	(after instruction)	(after instruction)
CLR.L D0		
MOVE.L #\$009000,A1		
MOVE.B (A1),D0		
MOVE.B 1(A1),D0		
MOVE.W (A1)+,D0		
MOVE.W (A1)+,D0		
MOVE.W DO,A1		
MOVE.W #1,D1 ;note D1		
MOVE.B (A1,D1),D0		

- 2. In post-increment addressing, the address register is incremented after use. In predecrement, it's decremented before use. Why not do both the same way? (What is the main reason for this design decision?)
- 3. What does this code do?

```
$9000
VALUE
        EQU
RESULT
        EOU
                 $9001
        ORG
                 $8000
        CLR.W
                 D0
                 VALUE, D0
        MOVE.B
                 #SQUARES, A0
        MOVE.L
        MOVE.B
                 (A0,D0),D1
                 D1, RESULT
        MOVE.B
        TRAP
                 #14
SQUARES DC.B
                 0,1,4,9,16,25,36,49,64,81,100
        DC.B
                 121,144,169,196,225
```