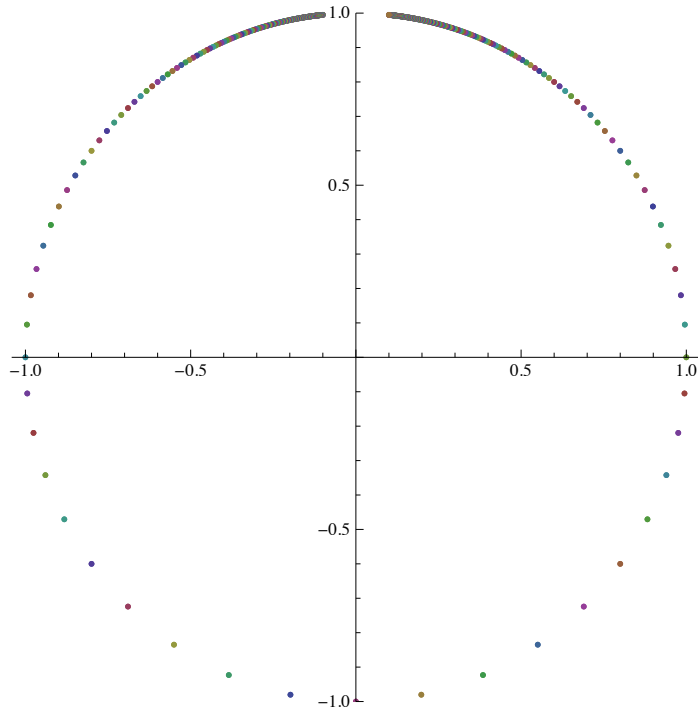


Solution for Week 8-9 # 1

Inverse stereographic map:

$$f[X_] := \{2 X, X^2 - 1\} / (1 + X^2)$$

```
ListPlot[Table[{f[X]}, {X, -20, 20, .1}], PlotRange -> {-1, 1}, AspectRatio -> 1]
```



The Jacobian of f:

$$Jf = D[f[X], X]$$

$$\left\{ -\frac{4 X^2}{(1 + X^2)^2} + \frac{2}{1 + X^2}, -\frac{2 X (-1 + X^2)}{(1 + X^2)^2} + \frac{2 X}{1 + X^2} \right\}$$

Change to (x,y) coordinates and simplify on the unit circle:

```
Simplify[Jf /. {X -> x / (1 - y)}, Assumptions -> (x^2 + y^2 == 1)]
```

$$\{(-1 + y) y, x - x y\}$$

The vector field $\partial/\partial X$ in (x,y) coordinates:

$$v[x_, y_] := \{y (y - 1), x (1 - y)\}$$

Here's how it looks, tangent everywhere to the unit circle:

```
Show[Graphics[Table[  
  Arrow[{{Cos[t], Sin[t]}, {Cos[t], Sin[t]} + v[Cos[t], Sin[t]]}, {t, -Pi, Pi, Pi / 20}]]]
```

