

1. Do these three integrals. The first has two distinct real roots, so factor it and use partial fractions. The second has a double root, so factor it and perform a u substitution. The third has no real roots, so complete the square.

$$\int \frac{dx}{x^2 - 4x + 3}$$

$$\int \frac{dx}{x^2 - 4x + 4}$$

$$\int \frac{dx}{x^2 - 4x + 5}$$

2. Do these three integrals. Use the fact that $2x - 3 = (2x - 4) + 1$ and that $\frac{d}{dx}x^2 - 4x + 5 = 2x - 4$.

$$\int \frac{2x - 3}{x^2 - 4x + 3} dx$$

$$\int \frac{2x - 3}{x^2 - 4x + 4} dx$$

$$\int \frac{2x - 3}{x^2 - 4x + 5} dx$$